# **Cube Timers – Delay on Operate**

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### **RLY210 Series**

#### **Features**

- 2 x 2 Industry Standard Package
- 19–264 Volts AC or DC Operation
- 12 to 480 Seconds Timing Range
- ±2% Repeat Accuracy
- .250" Quick Connect Terminals
- Encapsulated Construction



### **OPERATION**

**DELAY ON OPERATE**– The delay period begins when input voltage is applied. At the end of the delay period, the relay will operate and will not release until input voltage is removed. Reset occurs when input voltage is reapplied.



## **Ratings and Specifications**

Operating Voltage Range (Line): 19–264 V DC or AC (50/60Hz) Switch Configuration: Solid State, SPST Switching Current (Load): 40mA Amp min., 1 Amp max. Timing Adjustment Range: 12 to 480 seconds External Timing Resistance: See Tables Repeat Accuracy: ±2% Expected Life (Electrical): 100,000,000 operations @ rated load Operating Temperature: -20° to +65°C Storage Temperature: -30° to +85°C

Dielectric Breakdown Voltage Between All Elements: 1500V<sub>rms</sub> Transient Protection: 1500 V for 150µs Mounting: One #8 or #10 Screw

### External Resistor Adjustable, AC or DC, Delay on Operate, Solid State, Universal Cube Timer.



### **Potentiometer Timing**

Potentiometer Value (Ohms)	Approx. Timing Range (Sec.)		Potentiometer Value (Ohms)	Approx. Timing Range (Sec.)	
100K	12 to 18		1.0M	12 to 150	
250K	12 to 40		2.5M	12 to 300	
500K	12 to 70		5.0M	12 to 480	

### **Fixed Resistor Timing**

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Resistor Value (Ohms)	Approx. Time * (Sec.)		Resistor Value (Ohms)	Approx. Time * (Sec.)		Resistor Value (Ohms)	Approx. Time * (Sec.)	
25	12		87	42		312	150	
27	13		97	47		354	170	
29	14		104	50		375	180	
33	16		116	56		395	190	
35	17		125	60		479	230	
37	18		145	70		510	245	
41	20		150	72		531	255	
45	22		166	80		625	300	
50	24		179	86		729	350	
54	26		197	95		791	380	
62	30		218	105		864	415	
66	32		260	125		968	465	
72	35		291	140		1.0K	480	
79	38							

\* Approximate - Actual time value will depend on tolerance of resistor.

#### External Resistance Selection:

The delay period is set by placing resistance across designated pins or terminals. The resistor or potentiometer should be a 1/4W or larger. To determine the resistor value required for a specific time delay, use the following formula:

$$R_{ext} = \frac{I_{des}}{T_{max}} \times 1000$$

Rext = Resistance value required to obtain Tdes (in K ohms)

T<sub>des</sub> = Desired time delay

T<sub>max</sub>= Maximum delay period of the timer